## Maximizing Parts Profits

## Your Profit Centers

Retail Pricing

$\rightarrow$ Customer Pay Repair Order Sales
$\rightarrow$ Counter Ticket Customer Retail Sales

Wholesale Pricing
$\rightarrow$ Mechanical Shop Sales
$\rightarrow$ Body Shop / Collision Sales

Think about grocery stores. They inundate us with ads like: SALE today ONLY 50\% off

Now think about your dealership.

When was the last time you changed your pricing strategy?

The truth is dealership parts pricing strategies are rarely changed or even reviewed.


## Four Steps To Building An Effective Pricing Strategy

It's important to start with an in-depth analysis of your past sales, create a plan based on that information, and stick to it!


## The 40\% Profit Margin Rule

## Cost Plus 67\% = 40\% Gross Profit

Depending on a flat base price to accurately forecast gross isn't working anymore. It's important to know your margins before creating a pricing strategy.

## Markup From Cost Chart

| Markup From Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COST | MARKUP\% | PERCENT | LIST AT 40\% | ESCALATED LIST | GROSS\$ | GROSS\% |
| 10.00 | 2.00 | Cost + 200\% | 16.67 | 30.00 | 20.00 | 66.67 |
| 10.00 | 1.90 | Cost $+190 \%$ | 16.67 | 29.00 | 19.00 | 65.52 |
| 10.00 | 1.80 | Cost $+180 \%$ | 16.67 | 28.00 | 18.00 | 64.29 |
| 10.00 | 1.75 | Cost + 175\% | 16.67 | 27.50 | 17.50 | 63.64 |
| 10.00 | 1.70 | Cost + 170\% | 16.67 | 27.00 | 17.00 | 62.96 |
| 10.00 | 1.65 | Cost + 165\% | 16.67 | 26.50 | 16.50 | 62.26 |
| 10.00 | 1.60 | Cost + 160\% | 16.67 | 26.00 | 16.00 | 61.54 |
| 10.00 | 1.55 | Cost + 155\% | 16.67 | 25.50 | 15.50 | 60.78 |
| 10.00 | 1.50 | Cost $+150 \%$ | 16.67 | 25.00 | 15.00 | 60.00 |
| 10.00 | 1.45 | Cost + 145\% | 16.67 | 24.50 | 14.50 | 59.18 |
| 10.00 | 1.40 | Cost + 140\% | 16.67 | 24.00 | 14.00 | 58.33 |
| 10.00 | 1.35 | Cost + 135\% | 16.67 | 23.50 | 13.50 | 57.45 |
| 10.00 | 1.30 | Cost + 130\% | 16.67 | 23.00 | 13.00 | 56.52 |
| 10.00 | 1.25 | Cost + 125\% | 16.67 | 22.50 | 12.50 | 55.56 |
| 10.00 | 1.20 | Cost + 120\% | 16.67 | 22.00 | 12.00 | 54.55 |
| 10.00 | 1.15 | Cost + 115\% | 16.67 | 21.50 | 11.50 | 53.49 |
| 10.00 | 1.10 | Cost + 110\% | 16.67 | 21.00 | 11.00 | 52.38 |
| 10.00 | 1.05 | Cost + 105\% | 16.67 | 20.50 | 10.50 | 51.22 |
| 10.00 | 1.00 | Cost + 100\% | 16.67 | 20.00 | 10.00 | 50.00 |
| 10.00 | 0.95 | Cost + 95\% | 16.67 | 19.50 | 9.50 | 48.72 |
| 10.00 | 0.90 | Cost + 90\% | 16.67 | 19.00 | 9.00 | 47.37 |
| 10.00 | 0.85 | Cost + 85\% | 16.67 | 18.50 | 8.50 | 45.95 |
| 10.00 | 0.80 | Cost + 80\% | 16.67 | 18.00 | 8.00 | 44.44 |
| 10.00 | 0.75 | Cost $+75 \%$ | 16.67 | 17.50 | 7.50 | 42.86 |
| 10.00 | 0.70 | Cost + 70\% | 16.67 | 17.00 | 7.00 | 41.18 |
| 10.00 | 0.67 | Cost + 67\% | 16.67 | 16.70 | 6.70 | 40.12 |
| 10.00 | 0.65 | Cost + 65\% | 16.67 | 16.50 | 6.50 | 39.39 |
| 10.00 | 0.60 | Cost + 60\% | 16.67 | 16.00 | 6.00 | 37.50 |

## Mark Up From List Charts

| COST | MARKUP\% | PERCENT | 40\% LIST | ESCALATED LIST | GROSS\$ | GROSS\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.00 | 1.00 | List + 100\% | 16.67 | 33.34 | 23.34 | 70.01 |
| 10.00 | 0.95 | List + 95\% | 16.67 | 32.51 | 22.51 | 69.24 |
| 10.00 | 0.90 | List + 90\% | 16.67 | 31.67 | 21.67 | 68.42 |
| 10.00 | 0.85 | List + 85\% | 16.67 | 30.84 | 20.84 | 67.57 |
| 10.00 | 0.80 | List $+80 \%$ | 16.67 | 30.01 | 20.01 | 66.68 |
| 10.00 | 0.75 | List + 75\% | 16.67 | 29.17 | 19.17 | 65.72 |
| 10.00 | 0.70 | List + 70\% | 16.67 | 28.34 | 18.34 | 64.71 |
| 10.00 | 0.65 | List + 65\% | 16.67 | 27.51 | 17.51 | 63.65 |
| 10.00 | 0.60 | List + 60\% | 16.67 | 26.67 | 16.67 | 62.50 |
| 10.00 | 0.55 | List + 55\% | 16.67 | 25.84 | 15.84 | 61.30 |
| 10.00 | 0.50 | List + 50\% | 16.67 | 25.01 | 15.01 | 60.02 |
| 10.00 | 0.45 | List $+45 \%$ | 16.67 | 24.17 | 14.17 | 58.63 |
| 10.00 | 0.40 | List + 40\% | 16.67 | 23.34 | 13.34 | 57.16 |
| 10.00 | 0.35 | List + 35\% | 16.67 | 22.50 | 12.50 | 55.56 |
| 10.00 | 0.30 | List + 30\% | 16.67 | 21.67 | 11.67 | 53.85 |
| 10.00 | 0.25 | List $+25 \%$ | 16.67 | 20.84 | 10.84 | 52.02 |
| 10.00 | 0.20 | List + 20\% | 16.67 | 20.00 | 10.00 | 50.00 |
| 10.00 | 0.15 | List + 15\% | 16.67 | 19.17 | 9.17 | 47.84 |
| 10.00 | 0.10 | List + 10\% | 16.67 | 18.34 | 8.34 | 45.47 |
| 10.00 | 0.05 | List + 5\% | 16.67 | 17.50 | 7.50 | 42.86 |
| 10.00 | 0.03 | List + 3\% | 16.67 | 17.17 | 7.17 | 41.76 |

## 

$\rightarrow$ Pull a parts report from your inventory and collect just the parts numbers, costs, and list prices.
$\rightarrow$ Put this into a spreadsheet and create two columns.

- In one, subtract cost from list price. In the other, divide the difference between cost and list into the list price to get a gross profit percentage.
$\rightarrow$ Sort the report by gross profit and break it into three groups:
- Parts with a gross profit under $40 \%$
- Parts with a gross profit right at $40 \%$
- Parts with a gross profit above $40 \%$



# Looking At The 40\% Profit Margin In Domestic Franchises 

## Ford Motor Company Pricing

| DESCRIPTION | \#PARTS | PNP\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL OVER 40\% | 2677 | $67.16 \%$ |
| TOTAL AT 40\% | 498 | $12.49 \%$ |
| TOTAL BELOW 40\% | 811 | $20.35 \%$ |

$\rightarrow \mathbf{6 7 . 1 6 \%}$ of the part number population has over a $40 \%$ profit margin.
$\rightarrow \mathbf{1 2 . 4 9 \%}$ of the parts for sale are at the traditional $40 \%$ margin.
$\rightarrow$ There is still $\mathbf{2 0 . 3 5 \%}$ of the parts under the $40 \%$ margin.

# Looking At The 40\% Profit Margin In Domestic Franchises 

## Subaru Company Pricing

| DESCRIPTION | \#PARTS | PNP\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OVER 40\% | 203 | $0.61 \%$ |
| TOTAL AT 40\% | 2093 | $73.18 \%$ |
| TOTAL BELOW 40\% | 430 | $26.22 \%$ |

$\rightarrow$ Less than $\mathbf{1 \%}$ of the part number population offers more than a $40 \%$ profit margin.
$\rightarrow \mathbf{7 3 . 1 8 \%}$ is at the traditional $40 \%$ profit margin.
$\rightarrow \mathbf{2 6 . 2 2} \%$ is below the $40 \%$ margin, which happens to be primarily maintenance items.

# Looking At The 40\% Profit Margin In Domestic Franchises 

## BMW Company Pricing

| DESCRIPTION | \#PARTS | PNP\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL ABOVE 40\% | 1609 | 24.75 |
| TOTAL AT 40\% | 720 | $11.08 \%$ |
| TOTAL BELOW 40\% | 4171 | $64.17 \%$ |

$\rightarrow \mathbf{2 4 . 7 5} \%$ of the part number population is above a $40 \%$ gross profit margin.
$\rightarrow \mathbf{1 1 . 0 8 \%}$ at traditional gross profit margin.
$\rightarrow \mathbf{6 4 . 1 7 \%}$ below the $40 \%$ gross profit margin.

# Most importantly how much money is being left behind? 

## The Matrix Table <br> Retail Escalators

Example of a typical Escalator Matrix Table If Cost is...

| Low Cost |  | High Cost | Escalate | Sign | $\%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0.01$ | TO | $\$ 10.00$ | COST | + | $100.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 10.01$ | TO | $\$ 25.00$ | COST | + | $80.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 25.01$ | TO | $\$ 100.00$ | COST | + | $75.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 100.01$ | TO | $\$ 250.00$ | COST | + | $70.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 250.01$ | TO | $\$ 9999.99$ | COST | + | $67.00 \%$ |

## An Escalator Category

Certain categories have different Escalation Percentages or Mark Up

| Low Cost |  | High Cost | Escalate | Sign | $\%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0.01$ | TO | $\$ 10.00$ | COST | + | $100.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 10.01$ | TO | $\$ 25.00$ | COST | + | $80.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 25.01$ | TO | $\$ 100.00$ | COST | + | $75.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 100.01$ | TO | $\$ 250.00$ | COST | + | $70.00 \%$ |
| $\$ 250.01$ | TO | $\$ 9999.99$ | COST | + | $67.00 \%$ |

Each Low to High Dollar Value is an Escalator Category or Group

## The Escalator Yield

## In a Perfect World Scenario

| Low Cost |  | High Cost | Escalate | Sign | $\%$ | Yield |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0.01$ | TO | $\$ 10.00$ | COST | + | $100.00 \%$ | $50 \%$ |
| $\$ 10.01$ | TO | $\$ 25.00$ | COST | + | $80.00 \%$ | $44 \%$ |
| $\$ 25.01$ | TO | $\$ 100.00$ | COST | + | $75.00 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| $\$ 100.01$ | TO | $\$ 250.00$ | COST | + | $70.00 \%$ | $41 \%$ |
| $\$ 250.01$ | TO | $\$ 9999.99$ | COST | + | $67.00 \%$ | $40 \%$ |

Reasonable percentages to expect from each escalator category.

## Determining The Escalator Table Yield

How to determine the profit percentage for each escalator category.

For example, Cost + 100 should yield a 50\% profit margin.
$\rightarrow$ Multiply your Cost or List field times your escalated percentage
$\rightarrow$ Subtract the Escalated Retail Price from Cost
$\rightarrow$ Divide the difference into the Escalated Retail Price for percentage

## Evaluating Each Escalator Category

Focus on the actual versus what if sales figures

| CATEGORY | DESCRIPTION | QTY | TTL COST | Reality |  |  | MATRIX | What <br> MAT GROSS | ifMATRIX GP\% | PIECE\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TTL SALE | TTL GROSS | GP\% |  |  |  |  |
| \$.01-10.00 | COST + 100\% TOTAL | 1919 | \$501 | \$814 | \$314 | 38.5\% | \$1,002 | \$501 | 50.0\% | 49.1\% |
| \$10.01-25.00 | COST + 80\% TOTAL | 911 | \$12,521 | \$19,565 | \$7,043 | 36.0\% | \$22,538 | \$10,017 | 44.4\% | 23.3\% |
| \$25.01-100.00 | COST + 75\% TOTAL | 647 | \$36,613 | \$55,984 | \$19,370 | 34.6\% | \$64,073 | \$27,460 | 42.9\% | 16.6\% |
| \$100.01-250.00 | COST + 70\% TOTAL | 310 | \$22,595 | \$34,761 | \$12,166 | 35.0\% | \$38,411 | \$15,816 | 41.2\% | 7.9\% |
| \$100.01+ | COST + 67\% TOTAL | 122 | \$22,726 | \$36,514 | \$13,789 | 37.8\% | \$37,952 | \$15,226 | 40.1\% | 3.1\% |
|  | GRAND TOTAL | 3909 | \$94,956 | \$147,638 | \$52,682 | 35.7\% | \$163,976 | \$69,020 | 42.1\% | 100.0\% |

## The difference

| DESCRIPTION | TTL GROSS | GP\% | MAT GROSS | MATRIX GP\% | DIFFERENCE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GRAND TOTAL | $\$ 52682$ | $35.7 \%$ | $\$ 69020$ | $42.1 \%$ | $\$ 16,338$ |

## You now know exactly how much money was left behind.

## Bumping An Escalator Category

Estimating a Bump in the 10.01 to 25.00 Escalator by $10 \%$

| Cost $+\mathbf{8 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |  |  |  |  | Cost $+\mathbf{9 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current | Cost | Sale | Gross | Pct\% | Future | Cost | Sale | Gross | Pct\% |
| 911 | $\$ 12,521$ | $\$ 22,538$ | $\$ 10,017$ | $44 \%$ | 911 | $\$ 12,521$ | $\$ 23,789$ | $\$ 11,268$ | $47 \%$ |

An increase in gross of $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 5 1}$.
An increase of 3\% in this Escalator Category.

## Summary Of Escalated Sales

Supporting the Theory that only $25 \%$ of Retail Sales are Escalated

| GROUP | DESCRIPTION | QTY | COST | SALE | GROSS | GPCT | PIECE PCT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL CP SALES | AT OR ABOVE MATRIX | 1175 | $\$ 7,665$ | $\$ 16,754$ | $\$ 9,089$ | $54 \%$ | $24 \%$ |
|  | BELOW MATRIX, AND/OR RETAIL | 2789 | $\$ 29,900$ | $\$ 51,050$ | $\$ 21,150$ | $41 \%$ | $57 \%$ |
|  | BELOW RETAIL | 920 | $\$ 10,446$ | $\$ 13,892$ | $\$ 3,446$ | $25 \%$ | $19 \%$ |

This is very typical of most dealership customer pay sales using escalated matrix tables.

## Application

## Understanding The Details Of

Your Retail Pricing Matrix
Identify parts in each Escalator Category that are dragging down the gross and review these areas of your operation for pricing issues.
$\rightarrow$ Check your price codes and levels
$\rightarrow$ Are price codes labor type driven?
$\rightarrow$ Are there source accounting issues?
$\rightarrow$ Are these parts menus or grid priced parts?
$\rightarrow$ Is someone overriding the sale price?
(Review your override report daily)

## Conclusion

## Evaluate, Investigate, Implement, And Review

Consider Some Alternative Ways to Increase the Profit Margin:
$\rightarrow$ Increase the sale price on menu priced items.
$\rightarrow$ Isolate low gross parts in a given source to track profit.
$\rightarrow$ Create a sub sale account if you are locked into these low priced parts.
$\rightarrow$ Eliminate the Overrides as much as possible.
$\rightarrow$ Adjust the Escalator Table as necessary.
Increase Gross Profits in areas where the gross is weak!

## Ready to simplify things?



The powertool
for your Parts Department

## What we do

## We have the tools and systems to get your DMS to do what you want it to do.

- Getting your DMS to work efficiently takes more time than any one manager has
- Reporting that takes the guesswork out of managing the DMS
- Saves Parts Managers 4-6 hours a week
- Takes your inventory from reactive to proactive


## How?



With remote access, we implement proven DMS and manufacturer specific setups to give you exceptional control over your parts inventory and pricing.

Our system analyzes every single part daily with any source and pricing changes carried out automatically.

Timely and accurate reports validate results and drive the process.

## The Results

20\% less total inventory

50\% higher ROI
In one year we have reduced total inventory by 35\% while our productive inventory increased and obsolescence reduced by $58 \%$ and our technical obsolescence by $72 \%$.

## Greg Dimond, Parts Manager

20\% increase in parts sales

15\% less idle inventory
With the tools offered by PartsEdge, I doubled my monthly gross profit dollar total within 16 months. Jason Boyd
Parts Manager at Tate Branch Auto Group

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